

HEAVY WEEK IN LOCAL POLITICS

Candidates to Enter the City Primary Must Pay Up To-morrow

OTHER MATTERS OF INTEREST

City Committee to Choose Officers and Precincts and Vote on Question of Shutting Out Press—Clay Ward Actives to Have Meeting.

The coming week promises to be full of strenuousness for the local politicians. Beyond the activities which will be carried on by the candidates for the two branches of the Council, there are at least three meetings in which the general public appear to have as much as a passing interest.

One is that of the officers of the City Democratic Committee. In Chairman Doherty's office at the Capitol to-morrow from 10:30 A. M. to 12 M. to receive entries and fees for the primary; another the meeting of the full committee Friday night, to select officers and voting places for the primary of April 24th, and to determine the question of excluding newspaper reporters from the meetings of the body, and the third, the gathering of the Clay Ward Actives to hear the candidates next Saturday night.

The meeting in Chairman Doherty's office to-morrow will be formal in a way, and yet its results will be earnestly awaited, as nearly every Democratic voter, as well as candidates, desire to know who will finally be in the contests in the various wards for Common Council and Board of Aldermen.

Pay Up To-morrow.

It seems well settled that Treasurer James B. Pace will have no opposition. The wild run he made during the Christmas holidays to succeed the late Mr. Phillips appears to have settled this matter once for all.

The fees to be paid for entries are as follows:

For councilmen, \$10 each; for aldermen, \$15 each; for city treasurer, \$175 each.

The meeting of the City Committee Friday night will be rather interesting. The various ward superintendents will be present, and will be expected to make recommendations as to the places where the voting is to take place.

Beyond this, the question of closed sessions will come up again, and an amendment providing that newspaper men be excluded from the deliberations of the body will likely be adopted.

The matter was voted upon several weeks ago, and the proposition to exclude the press was lost by a vote of 13 to 12.

On a motion to reconsider, it came up again last Friday night, and though it was finally laid over, the motion to reconsider was adopted by something like ayes, 11, noes, 8.

May Show Tendency.

True, this was a rather slight attendance of a total of thirty-five members of the committee, yet it is contended that it shows a strong tendency toward closed sessions.

Chairman Doherty, who is not only the ranking member, but the head of the organization by virtue of the oft-repeated votes of his colleagues, is the recognized leader of the opposition to closed sessions, and he has behind him a strong following in Messrs. Hector, Carrington, and Tyler, Thomas and other recognized forces in local political circles.

There have been few changes in the political situation so far as councilman entries are concerned in the last few days.

Councilman Gilbert K. Pollock was the first candidate from Madison Ward to pay his fee to the treasurer of the committee. Mr. Pollock's friends are hard at work for him and seem confident that he will be returned.

Dr. Thomas D. Merrick has entered the race for the lower branch in Monroe Ward. He is a prominent oculist, a former member of the City Democratic Committee.

Opposition Disappearing.

Much of the talk of a fight on Councilman Harry Huber in Henry Ward has come to naught already, and some of those who were said to be opposing the Councilman are saying they never had any such intentions.

Mr. Huber has several times been a member of the lower branch, and feels that his constituents will again honor him with their votes.

The friends of Alderman P. H. Donahue, from Madison Ward, are bringing strong pressure to bear upon him to stand for reelection in the coming primary, and are satisfied he will yield to their wishes.

After eight years of service in that body he bears a most creditable record, and his friends desire that he shall again enter the race.

SEEKING REVENGE, KILLED HIS OWN SON

(By Associated Press.)

QUITMAN, GA., April 15.—(E. E. Lloyd, of Morrow, Ga., writes from Quitman, returned home last night and found his wife absent. Concealing himself, he awaited developments. Soon she came back, accompanied by a man named Davis, of Quitman, and entered the house. Lloyd followed with a gun and attempted to shoot Davis, but the latter wrenched the weapon from his hands. Lloyd then secured a pistol and waited at the back door for Davis. When the door knob was turned he fired four shots rapidly through the door, to find later that he had shot and killed his little son. He fired two shots later at Davis as he ran out of the house, but missed.

SERVIAN PREMIER SENDS RESIGNATION TO KING

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, April 15.—A dispatch to a news agency from Belgrade says that General Grubisic, the Servian Premier and Minister of War, has resigned because King Peter refused to accept his suggestion and dismiss the Regicide officials.

BANQUET WILL FORCE CRISIS IN NEW YORK POLITICAL FIGHT



GEORGE B. MCCLELLAN.



CHARLES F. MURPHY.

Jefferson Dinner To-Day Likely to Prove Climax in War Between Murphy and McClellan—Situation Very Strained.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

NEW YORK, April 15.—Planned originally to be the most important political gathering in many months and intended to encourage harmony in local democratic circles, the Jefferson Dinner to be given to-morrow night by the Democratic Club, promises to emphasize the split in the party organization and to bring the fight between Mayor McClellan and Charles F. Murphy to a climax. It will determine which one of the two leaders has a majority of the Tammany leaders, back of him and which has the sympathy of the greater number of influential Democrats not prominently identified with the organization.

All this will be the outgrowth of a curt refusal of Murphy to attend the dinner, because, as he expressed it, Lloyd McClellan will be permitted to speak of "Democracy," a subject he is unfit to discuss.

To Back Up Murphy.

When the Jefferson dinner is celebrating in the Waldorf-Astoria and listening to addresses, one of which will probably launch a presidential boom for Mayor McClellan and another speak of William J. Bryan as the logical candidate for the presidency, there will be a celebration of Murphy Democrats in Atlantic City.

Several of them are there now, including the Tammany leader, and more, it was said yesterday, will go.

Announcement was made yesterday that W. Bourke Cockran had followed Mr. Murphy's example and declined his invitation to the dinner. Surprise and displeasure resulted, because Mr. Cockran was down for an address. Much was expected from him, especially by those concerned in the fight between the Mayor and Mr. Murphy.

Will Be Test.

Unless the Mayor changes his intention he will discuss Democracy in merely an academic way. He will not mention Mr. Murphy or Tammany, and will not even hint at the troubles that have split the organization.

How many vacant seats there will be at the banquet table no one will predict, but it was said yesterday that practically every seat allotted to Tammany leaders who are with Mr. Murphy, will be unoccupied, or occupied by men other than those originally assigned to them. Although the Democratic Club has been formally withdrawn—those of Mr. Murphy and his friends, for whom he had bought tickets and whose names were not made public—several Tammany leaders have let it be known that they will not be present.

While Mr. Murphy, in withdrawing his acceptance, wrote that he acted only for himself and did not desire to influence others, it is believed he will regard leaders who attend the dinner as lacking in loyalty to him. It is a Tammany tradition that as the chief does his followers shall do. Many district leaders are open in their declarations of loyalty to the leader, but more than a handful have lines in both the Murphy and the McClellan camps. The vacant seats of the latter will be expected to shed much light on the relative strength of the Mayor and Mr. Murphy.

Woodrow Wilson to Speak.

It is rumored in Democratic circles that Mr. Murphy brought about the crisis to make a showing of strength, having confidence that he has a majority of the leaders. He has denied this and added that his only reason for declining was that he could not bear to listen to Democratic leaders who worked hard for his reelection and rewarded men who worked against him.

Murphy, upon the Democratic Club said yesterday there would be no vacant seats at the banquet. They expect several of the Murphy men, who have accepted invitations to stay away, but to provide for those vacant seats they have sold more tickets. The price of the tickets, president of Princeton, whose subject will be "Thomas Jefferson." Judson Harmon also will speak.

LUDLOW RUSHED TO NORTH TO SAVE LIFE

Aeronaut is Paralyzed From Hips Down—Passed Through Richmond.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, April 15.—Israel Ludlow, of New York, who, in a fall with an aeroplane near Jacksonville, Fla., Saturday, sustained such injuries that he is being rushed to New York in an effort to save his life, passed through this city shortly before 2 o'clock this morning. No unfavorable symptoms in his condition had developed, which encouraged his physician, Dr. P. C. Perry, of Jacksonville. Mr. Ludlow's mother arrived here last night from New York and returned with her son this morning. Dr. Perry said the aeronaut is entirely paralyzed from the hips down and that an examination indicated a hemorrhage and fracture of the second lumbar. Ludlow has so far stood the journey very well.

Mr. Charles Ludlow, brother of Mr. Israel Ludlow, the aeronaut, who was so dangerously injured at Atlantic Beach Saturday, arrived in Richmond last night on the 10:50 Seaboard Air Line train, in order to meet the injured man here on his way up to New York. Mr. Ludlow left his mother in Washington, D. C., the north-bound train from this city, and the aeronaut's train was an hour and fifteen minutes late, and the brothers passed each other at Ashland.

Both the trains stopped at Ashland, and Mr. Ludlow, thinking that his brother might be on one of the other cars, started to go through them. But the train was held up by the investigation, and he was forced to come on to Richmond.

Mr. Ludlow came up to the Times-Dispatch office after midnight, and there he learned that his brother was on the train that he passed at Ashland, and at the time of his discovery, was about due at Washington.

Mr. Charles Ludlow left on the first north-bound train for New York after getting the news.

MURDERED OFFICER WHO KILLED SAILOR

(By Associated Press.)

MADRID, April 15.—The Portuguese newspapers to-day print a story to the effect that while the Portuguese battleship Vasco da Gama was opposite Lisbon on the evening of April 13th, there were unusual movements, cries and signals for help on board.

The ship was fired on and a lieutenant was killed by the crew of the vessel in revenge for the death of a sailor who was killed by the lieutenant as he was trying to fire a cannon. The papers also print a statement that the examination of the 250 witnesses of the cruiser Don Carlos who muffled April 13th, is being held and that seven of them already have been sentenced to close confinement. The censorship is strict.

Bank Prosper.

(By Associated Press.)

MEXICO CITY, April 15.—The Yucatan Bank of Merida, with a capital of \$8,000,000 had made in the past year a net profit of \$1,321,175, and has declared a dividend of four per cent.

AWFUL DESOLATION IN PATH OF EARTHQUAKE

Hundreds Killed in Formosa and Thousands Rendered Homeless—Second Visitation.

(By Associated Press.)

TOKIO, April 15.—One hundred and one persons are known to have been killed and twenty-nine injured in the earthquake in the southern part of the island of Formosa last Saturday, but further details, it is expected, will swell the death roll, as the shock was more severe than that of March 17th.

The town of Kagi again was the principal sufferer, the houses which escaped destruction in the former disturbance being now in ruins. Doko and several other towns and villages also were affected by landslides, which have completely changed the topography of the country. The officials are working feverishly to relieve the thousands of persons left homeless by the earthquake.

Terrible scenes are reported around Kagi and Doko.

Later reports received from Formosa confirm the earlier rumors of the complete destruction of Kagi, where seven persons were killed and thirty-five injured. At Doko 400 buildings were destroyed and at Ajenai 1,100 buildings collapsed and 72 were damaged and three persons were killed and fifteen injured.

The later advices say that this shock was more powerful than that of March 17th, but as the people had been warned they were able to escape.

KILLED WIFE WITH ICE PICK

South Carolina Man Narrowly Escapes Lynching at Hands of Mob.

(By Associated Press.)

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 15.—Before a coroner's jury to-day, on Sullivan's Island, across the harbor from Charleston, William Marcus coolly admitted the killing of his wife Saturday night, accompanying the confession with a reflection upon the woman whom he had deserted for years, but who had for the past eight months supported him in idleness by her industry. Mrs. Marcus was employed as housekeeper at the home of Colonel Greenough, commanding Fort Moultrie, and her reputation was excellent. Marcus was seen with his wife going towards the front beach Saturday night. Later he told a negro that he had killed her. The report reached the town marshal this morning and search discovered the body near the breakers. She had been stabbed to death with an ice pick, no less than fourteen wounds were in her head, neck and breast and her left arm was broken. Feeling raw when the report was circulated and only the prompt action of the authorities in getting Marcus to the Charleston county jail very likely saved him from being lynched.

BEG SENATORS TO ADOPT RATE LAW

Members of House Fearful of Results of Next Election.

AGREEMENT STILL SEEMS FAR AWAY

Representatives Beginning to Discard Precedent and Bring Personal Influence to Bear Upon Solons in Upper Branch—Debate Again.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 15.—Day-dreams and night-dreams of defeat when they stand for re-election this fall are moving members of the House of Representatives to use their personal influence with Senators to induce them to get together on a rate bill and put an end to a debate that has dragged such a weary length in the Senate. These House members who are so afraid they will be defeated if a bill is not passed meeting the ideas of the country, are urging the Senators to support an amendment which will meet with the approval of the President or to vote for the Hepburn bill as it left the House.

The Senate as a body, and the fact is clearly revealed by a cursory study of legislative history, has never paid much heed to the wishes of the House when those wishes ran counter to the wishes of the Senate. Individual representatives rarely use their influence with Senators. They have very little of the man who attempts to bring pressure to bear on a Senator through his own position as a member of the lower house feels he is treading on dangerous ground. It is curious enough that the courage which now animates members of the House to seek to influence members of the Senate is a courage born of fear—fear that the complexion of the House of Representatives will be materially changed at the fall elections unless a good rate bill is got through before adjournment.

Attitude of House.

The natural thought is that is the House should refuse to accept any amendment put on the rate bill in the Senate which would not meet the approval of the President, the voters would not vote their wish upon the rate bill, even though all rate legislation should be by default. The plain truth is that representatives fear that the people will bear in mind the sole fact that Congress did not pass the measure that the President desired, and that they will visit vengeance on everybody in sight, whether he has a seat in the upper or lower branch of Congress.

It makes precious little difference to the average Republican member of the House whether the comprehensive court review amendment to the railroad rate bill be righteous or otherwise. These are animated by the sole thought that the people of the United States want drastic railroad legislation, and whether the act passed finally shall stand the test of constitutionality is a question which gives little trouble to the Republican member quaking lest his seat be pulled from under him.

If some inspired senator should propose an amendment which would make both the Senate and the President happy, it is not likely that the House would support it. As on the House side of the Capitol, where the senatorial delay is occasioning so much uneasiness.

Will Accept Anything.

Nothing short of inspiration is likely to prove of amendment writing service to the Senate. Nearly every member of that body has tried his pen at an amendment and has received a little thanks for his pains. Within three or four days it has been asserted that the President has approved the Knox amendment and the Bailey amendment—as far as the poles are the two of them. Mr. Knox's amendment be represented by minus, Mr. Bailey's should be preceded by the plus sign, and the reported sanctioning of each by the executive only serves to show the wildly speculative character of the guesses on the President's attitude. Every guess is fathered by a wish.

The very free prediction is made that if the bill as it finally passes the Senate shall contain an amendment providing for a broad court review of rate

THE WEATHER

Forecast: Virginia—Fair Monday; Tuesday, fair and warmer; light north winds, becoming variable.

North Carolina—Fair Monday; cooler on the coast; Tuesday, fair, warmer; light to fresh north to northeast winds.

Conditions Yesterday.

Richmond's weather was clear and mild. Thermometer at midnight, 56.

Conditions in Important Cities.

(At 8 P. M., Eastern Time.)

Place.	Ther.	High.	Wind.
Ashville, N. C.	60	71	Clear
Baltimore, Md.	52	61	Clear
Atlanta, Ga.	59	61	Clear
Buffalo, N. Y.	31	38	Clear
Charlotte, N. C.	59	69	Clear
Chicago, Ill.	39	46	Clear
Cincinnati, O.	46	50	Clear
Cleveland, O.	46	50	Clear
Detroit, Mich.	38	41	Clear
Galveston, Tex.	61	70	Clear
Jacksonville, Fla.	70	80	Clear
Kansas City, Mo.	54	68	Clear
New Orleans, La.	68	72	Clear
Norfolk, Va.	58	71	Clear
Okla. City, Okla.	70	74	P. cloudy
Pittsburg, Pa.	44	49	Clear
Savannah, Ga.	72	78	Clear
Tampa, Fla.	62	72	Clear
Wichita, Kan.	52	62	Clear
Wilmington, Del.	59	61	Clear
Yellow Stone, Wyo.	66	73	Clear

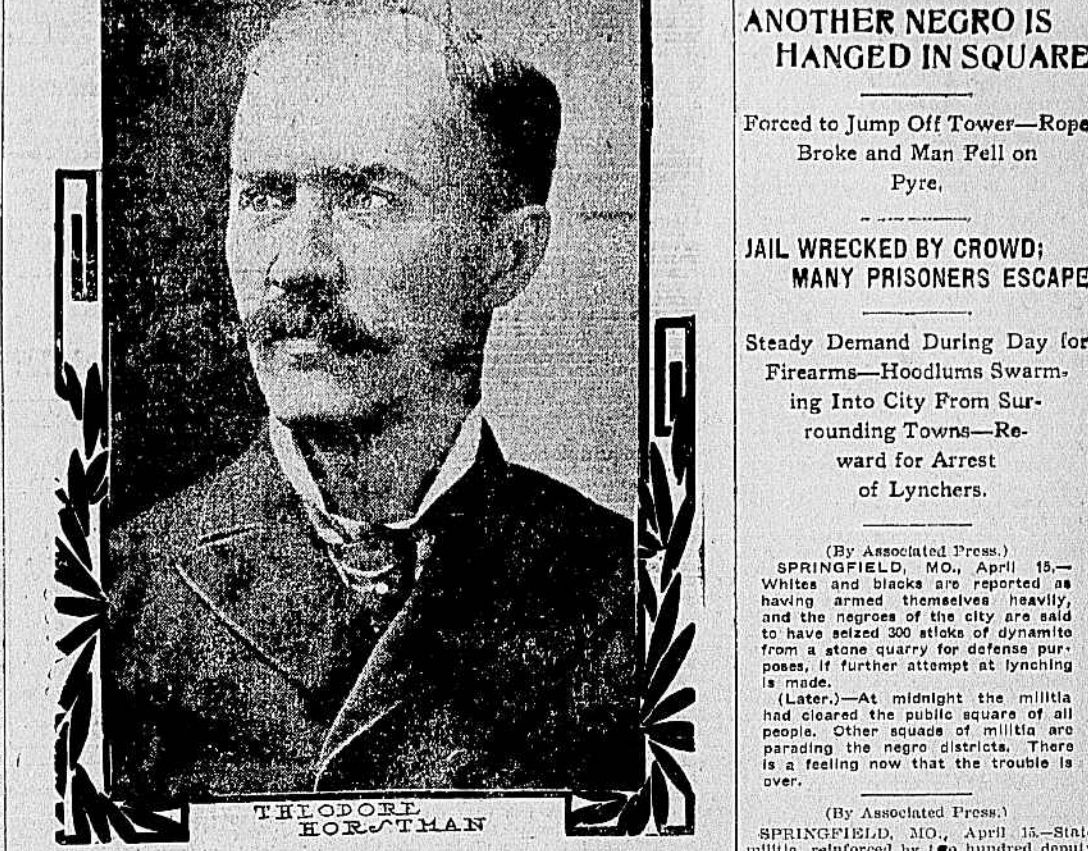
Miniature Almanac.

April 16, 1906.

Sun rises.	5:36	High Tide.
Sun sets.	6:44	Morning.
Moon rises.	1:52	Evening.

RACES ARMED AND IN UGLY MOOD; TROOPS GUARD CITY

Will Oppose Longworth



THEODORE HORSTMAN

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

CINCINNATI, OHIO, April 15.—Congressman Nicholas Longworth, son-in-law of President Roosevelt, is being made to realize that he is not going to have fair sailing in the approaching convention of the First Ohio Congressional District. This time his nomination will not be a walkover. The stumbling block is Theodore Horstman, former city solicitor of Cincinnati, who is after the nomination.

Horstman once ran on an independent reform ticket for Mayor, being one of the first men to come out for reform in Cincinnati. Of course, he has the enmity of the party's candidate. He is running on the straight Republican ticket and wants to be the party's candidate.

ALIVE AFTER SIX DAYS UNDER RUINS

Two Aged Women Unearthed at Ottajano Still Breathing But Speechless.

MANY OF DEAD HAD JEWELS

(By Associated Press.)

NAPLES, April 15.—The somewhat threatening condition of Mount Vesuvius Saturday night having subsided with the ejection of enormous clouds of sand and ash, the elements have begun to settle slowly, again enveloping the mountain in a thick haze and cutting off the view from Naples, only the outline of the base being visible.

Professor Mantua, director of the royal observatory on the mountain, tonight issued the following bulletin:

"My instruments are now most calm. The emission of sand continues in less abundant quantities, and I wait serenely a satisfactory termination of the eruption."

The sudden renewal of alarm Saturday night gave way to-day to the celebration of Easter with unusual fervor.

The festival is always picturesque in Naples, but to-day it was doubly so. Carried in an elaborate chariot, the statue of the Virgin Mary, the city's patron saint, was paraded through the streets in the midst of a throng of devotees and crowds of people.

Alive But Speechless.

The gravity of the situation has now shifted to Ottajano and San Giuseppe, where the recovery of the dead from the debris goes on amid the misery of thousands of homeless refugees.

A sensational development occurred during the work of salvage at Ottajano to-day when the searchers unearthed two

FEAR TROUBLE AT COAL MINES

West Virginia Company Refuses to Recognize Union and Brings in Strike Breakers.

THE SITUATION THREATENING

(By Associated Press.)

WHEELING, W. VA., April 15.—The situation in the Fifth Ohio sub-district, which includes the West Virginia panhandle, has assumed a threatening aspect, and trouble is feared almost immediately with Mountaineers. A few miles below Wheeling, on the Ohio River, the danger point, where the Glen Easton Coal Company has refused to recognize the newly organized miners' local union and it is reported to-night that the company is hourly expecting the arrival of a train-load of strike-breakers from Indiana.

Shanties have been erected for the accommodation of the non-unionists, and supplies are being received at the mines for their subsistence. The striking miners say they will resist this move by persuasive methods only, but the situation is decidedly threatening.

At Charleston, W. Va., the seventeenth district conference has resulted in an offer on the part of the operators to grant the miners an increase of three per cent. in lieu of the 5.55 increase demanded. The offer has been taken under consideration, but will not be accepted.

Mass Meeting Held.

At Wheeling Creek, Ohio, a mass-meeting of the miners of the eastern Ohio district was held this afternoon. It was addressed by National Vice-President Thomas T. Lewis, who expressed the opinion that, following the executive

HEAD CAUGHT IN SPOKES OF WHEEL

Whirled to His Death Behind Mad Gallop of Runaway Colt.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

HARRISONBURG, VA., April 15.—David A. Guyer, aged fifty years, met death in a horrible manner in Northern Rockingham this morning. Accompanied by his young son, he was driving a colt through a wooded area when the animal became frightened and ran over a stump. Mr. Guyer was thrown out of the vehicle and his head caught between the spokes of the wheels. He was whirled around for a distance of fifteen or twenty feet before he was extricated. He died before a physician could reach him. His skull was fractured and his body was a mass of bruises. He leaves a wife and ten children.

Vacancy Filled.

(By Associated Press.)

MEXICO CITY, April 15.—The vacancy in the cabinet caused by the death of Blas Encarnacion minister of the department of fomento is being temporarily filled by Civil Engineer Andres Anduza.

State Military Drive Mobs from Streets of Springfield.

ANOTHER NEGRO IS HANGED IN SQUARE

Forced to Jump Off Tower—Rope Broke and Man Fell on Pyre.

JAIL WRECKED BY CROWD; MANY PRISONERS ESCAPE

Steady Demand During Day for Firearms—Hoodlums Swarming Into City From Surrounding Towns—Reward for Arrest of Lynchers.

(By Associated Press.)

SPRINGFIELD, MO., April 15.—Whites and blacks are reported as having armed themselves heavily, and the negroes of the city are said to have seized 100 sticks of dynamite from a stone quarry for defense purposes, if further attempt at lynching is made.

(Later.)—At midnight the militia had cleared the public square of all people. Other squads of militia are parading the negro districts. There is a feeling now that the trouble is over.

(By Associated Press.)

SPRINGFIELD, MO., April 15.—State militia, reinforced by 100 hundred deputy sheriffs, guard the streets of Springfield to-night against possible renewed action by a mob that during last night lynched three negroes in the public square. There are hundreds of strangers in Springfield and the anti-negro feeling still runs high.

Although no untoward move was made during the day, many threats were heard and Sheriff H. C. Smith has issued a break when darkness should fall, telegraphed Governor Folk early in the day for aid. The Governor responded promptly, and within a few hours six companies of militia were on the way to Springfield from various parts of Missouri.

This evening, and it was followed during the night at intervals by others.

Rewards Offered.

In addition to sending soldiers to guard against further violation of the law, Governor Folk took quick action to prosecute the leaders of last night's mob. The Governor authorized a reward of \$500 each for the arrest and conviction of members of the mob.

In addition he is allowed by law. In addition he instructed Rush Lake, assistant attorney-general, to go to Springfield at once to aid in the ferreting out and prosecuting of the leaders in last night's work.

Of the fourteen prisoners, whites and negroes were taken, and about the prison last night during the mob excitement, four were captured during the day.

Swarming Into Town.

Thousands of persons to-day swarmed about the jail to see the wreck caused by the mob, and about the public square where the three negroes were hanged to an electric light tower and burned. Every train brought hundreds of persons to the city from the surrounding towns, mostly hoodlums.

Many from the farming regions caught the mob spirit, and shared the sentiment of many that the negroes should be driven from Springfield, while the feeling against the negro race was strong.

Negroes, who dared to appear on the streets to-day, were treated with hostility and on several occasions men and boys collected to attack them. Both negroes and whites are armed. There was a steady demand to-day for firearms, and at many hardware stores it was reported that the stock of stock of weapons was nearly all gone.

Third Negro Lynched.

Will Allen, a negro, charged with the murder of O. M. Rouark last January, but protesting innocence, was taken from jail early this morning by the mob that lynched Duncan and Copeland before midnight. Allen was hanged in the public square to the same tower that had served as a scaffold for the two negroes murdered earlier in the evening. Allen was calm and collected as he jumped from the tower up which he had been compelled to ascend. The rope about his neck broke as his weight took on it, and he dropped into the prison below. He was charged into the prison by his former companions in prison, Duncan and Copeland. Allen was taken up the tower again and compelled to jump. This time his captors were more successful in their work.

"I swear that I am not guilty of killing Rouark," were his last words.

The lynching took place under a star representing "Justice" that surmounted the electric light tower.

Duncan and Copeland were suspected of assaulting a young woman, and they had not been identified as the assailants of the young woman.

Prisoners Escape.

As soon as Allen was dead, several men rushed back to the jail for Bud Kane, a negro, accused also of the murder of Rouark, but Kane and all but six of the prisoners in jail had escaped from the wrecked prison. The mob, finding itself without suitable prey, went home as day began to dawn.

The jail is a wreck, the mob, after they had secured the three negroes, continuing their work of destruction until nearly all of the prisoners were down. About 2:30 a. m. a mob was in the prison alone, while in the sheriff's residence, which was attacked first, the damage is fully as much. Mrs. Horner, the sheriff's wife, who fainted on account of fear and violence, is in a critical condition.

Denounce Lynching.

Many of the leading ministers in their sermons to-day denounced the lynching in strong terms and called upon the proper authorities to enforce the law or resign their positions. Prosecuting At-